Unit 02 - Essential problems

W07

PMF calculations from a table

Suppose the joint PMF of *X* and *Y* has values given in this table:

X ackslash Y	0	1	2	3
1	0.10	0.15	0	0.05
2	0.20	0.05	0.05	0.20
3	0.05	0	x	0.05

• (a) Find *x*.

- (b) Find the marginal PMF of *X*.
- (c) Find the PMF of the random variable Z = XY.
- (d) Find P[X = Y] and P[X > Y].

Marginals from PDF

Suppose *X* and *Y* have joint PDF given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} 2e^{-(x+2y)} & ext{if } x,y > 0 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the marginal PDFs for *X* and *Y*.
- (b) Find P[X > Y].

$\square \star$ Factorizing the density

Consider two joint density functions for *X* and *Y*:

$$egin{aligned} &f_1(x,y)=6e^{-2x}e^{-3y}, & x,y>0,\ &f_2(x,y)=2yxe^{x^2}, & x,y\in[0,1],\;x+y\in[0,1]. \end{aligned}$$

(Assume the densities are zero outside the given domain.)

Supposing f_1 is the joint density, are X and Y independent? Why or why not? Supposing f_2 is the joint density, are X and Y independent? Why or why not?

$\square \star \text{Composite PDF from joint PDF}$

The joint density of random variables X and Y is given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) \quad = \quad egin{cases} e^{-x-y} & x,y>0 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

W08

\square PDF of min and max

Suppose $X \sim \text{Exp}(2)$ and $Y \sim \text{Exp}(3)$ and these variables are independent. Find:

- (a) The PDF of W = Max(X, Y)
- (b) The PDF of W = Min(X, Y)

☑ PDF of sum from joint PDF

Suppose the joint PDF of *X* and *Y* is given by:

$$f_{X,Y} \quad = \quad egin{cases} rac{8}{81}xy & 0 \leq y \leq x \leq 3 \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Find the PDF of X + Y.

$\square \star$ Poisson plus Bernoulli

Suppose that:

- $X \sim \operatorname{Pois}(\lambda)$
- $Y \sim \operatorname{Ber}(p)$
- X and Y are independent

Find a formula for the PMF of X + Y.

Apply your formula with $\lambda = 2$ and p = 0.3 to find $P_{X+Y}(7)$.

\blacksquare Convolution for uniform distributions over intervals

Suppose that:

- $X \sim \operatorname{Unif}[a, b]$
- $Y \sim \text{Unif}[c, d]$
- X and Y are independent

Find the PDF of X + Y.

(You may find it helpful to start by considering specific numbers for a, b, c, d.)

Correlation between overlapping coin flip sequences

Suppose a coin is flipped 30 times.

Let X count the number of heads among the first 20 flips, and Y count the heads in the last 20.

Find $\rho[X, Y]$.

Hint: Partition the flips into three groups of 10. Create *three* variables, counting heads, and express X and Y using these. What is the variance of a binomial distribution?

☑ Variance puzzle: indicators

Suppose *A* and *B* are events satisfying:

 $P[A] = 0.5, \qquad P[B] = 0.2, \qquad P[AB] = 0.1$

Let X count the number of these events that occurs. (So the possible values are X = 0, 1, 2.)

Find $\operatorname{Var}[X]$.

Hint: Try setting $X = X_A + X_B$.

Z Further practice: Covariance etc. from joint density

Suppose *X* and *Y* are random variables with the following joint density:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = egin{cases} rac{3}{2}ig(x^2+y^2ig) & x,y\in[0,1]\ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Compute:

(a) E[X] (b) E[Y] (c) E[XY] (d) Var[X]

(e) $\operatorname{Var}[Y]$ (f) $\operatorname{Cov}[X, Y]$ (g) $\rho[X, Y]$ (h) Are X and Y independent?

(It is worth thinking through which of these can be computed in multiple ways.)

W11

🗹 Conditional density from joint density

Suppose that *X* and *Y* have joint probability density given by:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) \quad = \quad egin{cases} rac{12}{5}x(2-x-y) & x,y\in [0,1] \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) Compute $f_{X|Y}(x|y),$ for $y\in [0,1].$

(b) Compute P[X > 1/2 | Y = y].

🗹 Conditional distribution and expectation from joint PDF

Suppose that *X* and *Y* have the following joint PDF:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) \;=\; egin{cases} cxy & 0 < y < 1, \; 0 < x < y \ 0 & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Notice that the range of possibilities for x depends on the choice of y.

First, show that c = 8 must be true. Then compute:

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(a) f_X (b) f_{Y|X} (c) E[Y | X = 0.5] (d) E[Y | X]
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$\square \star$ How many customers buy a cake?

Let *N* count the number of customers that visit a bakery on a random day, and assume $N \sim Pois(\lambda)$.

Let X count the number of customers that make a purchase. Each customer entering the bakery smells the cakes, and this produces a probability p of buying a cake for that customer. The customers are independent.

Find Cov[N, X]. Are N and X positively or negatively correlated?

Hint: Compute $P_{X|N}(x|n)$, and use this to compute E[X | N] in terms of N. Now deduce E[X] using Iterated Expectation. Finally, compute E[NX] using the Expectation Multiplication Rule from the previous exercise. Now put everything together to find Cov[N, X].